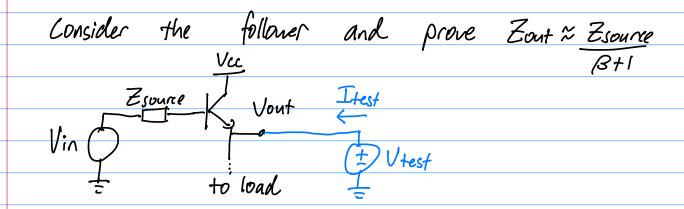
AOE Ex 2.4



Draw the small signal model. Use current version since the statement we're proving uses B.

Zsource
$$= ac$$
 $\int_{e} = \frac{1}{g_m} = \frac{V_T}{T_C}$
 $V_{in} = 0$ $V_{ac} = 0$
 $V_{bi} = 0$
 V_{bi}

Analyse the circuit.

$$i_b = -V + est$$
 $\overline{Z}_{source} + B^r e$
 $i_{test} = -i_B - \beta i_B = -(1 + \beta) i_B = (1 + \beta) V + est$
 $\overline{Z}_{source} + \beta^r e$
 \vdots $\overline{Z}_{out} = V + est = \overline{Z}_{source} + \beta^r e$
 $\overline{I}_{test} = \overline{I}_{test} + \overline{I}_{test}$

Note: neglecting the second term is arguable but not

Note: neglecting the second term is arguable but notice P(e) is small. Example: P(e) is small. Example: P(e) is a nice approximation to see the impedance transforming property of a follower.